



English Language

Trial Exam 2019\2020

Name :

Paper One

الفروع: الأدبي، الريادة والأعمال والتكنولوجيا

Date : 23 / 12 / 2019

Time : 2.45 hrs

Total mark: 100

Part One : Reading (40pts)

Text A: Read the following passage then answer the questions below : (20pts)

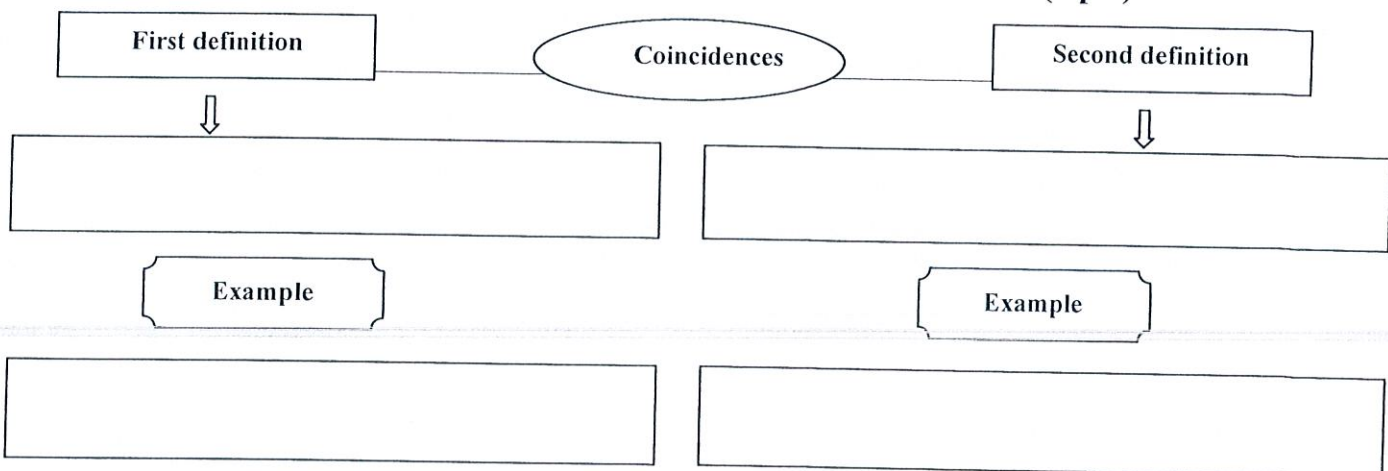
We often hear people say, 'It's a small world, isn't it?' It's usually when they've just experienced one of those strange coincidences that seem to happen in nearly everyone's lives. You know the kind of thing: you're on holiday in another country and you run into a person you know from home, even though neither of you knew that the other was going there too.

People often think experiences like this are evidence of something mysterious happening, some kind of hidden plan outside our knowledge. The scientific explanation is less exciting, and perhaps that's why some people are reluctant to accept it. Coincidences are events that unexpectedly happen at the same time for no clear reason, or finding an unexpected connection between seemingly random things or people. A very common example of the latter is talking to a complete stranger and finding that you have the same birthday. What are the chances of that happening?

Actually, the chances are better than you might think, and there's a mathematical way to prove it. It has been calculated that the number of people you need to have a 50% chance of two of them sharing a birthday is 23. And when there are 48 people in a room, the probability goes up to 95%. To put it another way, if there are only 50 people reading these words (and I hope there are more!), one of them will almost certainly have the same birthday as me.

The other part of the scientific explanation for coincidences is simply that there are so many events in people's lives. Just think of the number of people that you have had any kind of connection with during your life. There are probably over 10,000, and the older you get, the more there will be. If you are the kind of person who talks to strangers, you will definitely come across coincidences. Basically, when you think about how complex our lives are, especially nowadays with the Internet, the only surprising thing is that coincidences don't happen more often

A-Complete the diagram with the missing information from the text: (8 pts)



B- Answer these questions :- (4pts)

-According to the text, what does the saying "It is a small world" mean?

.....

-Why are some people reluctant to accept the scientific explanation for coincidences?

.....

3- Mention the two scientific explanations for coincidences ?

a- b-

C- **Decide if the following statements are TRUE or FALSE : (3pts)**

1. The young will certainly face a lot of coincidences than the old . ()
2. People are unwilling to believe that coincidences are not very strange. ()
3. The writer concludes that coincidences are not really surprising . ()

D- **What do the highlighted pronouns and words refer to? (4pts)**

1. ' there ' (line 4) :
2. ' it ' (line 7) :
3. ' the more '(line 18) :
4. '50%'(line 12):.....

E-**Complete the following statement: (1pts)**

- 1- If you are the kind of person who talks to strangers, you.....

Text B: Read the following text then answer the questions below : (20pts)

There is a famous expression in English: "Stop the world, I want to get off!" This expression refers to a feeling of panic, or stress, that makes a person want to stop whatever they are doing, try to relax, and become calm again. 'Stress' means pressure or tension. It is one of the most common causes of health problems in modern life. Too much stress results in physical, emotional, and mental health problems.

There are numerous physical effects of stress. Stress can affect the heart. It can increase the pulse rate, make the heart miss beats, and can cause high blood pressure. Stress can affect the respiratory system. It can lead to asthma. It can cause a person to breathe too fast, resulting in a loss of important carbon dioxide. Stress can affect the stomach. It can cause stomach aches and problems digesting food. These are only a few examples of the wide range of illnesses and symptoms resulting from stress.

Emotions are also easily affected by stress. People suffering from stress often feel anxious. They may have panic attacks. They may feel tired all the time. When people are under stress, they often overreact to little problems. For example, a normally gentle parent under a lot of stress at work may yell at a child for dropping a glass of juice. Stress can make people angry, moody, or nervous.

Long-term stress can lead to a variety of serious mental illnesses. Depression, an extreme feeling of sadness and hopelessness, can be the result of continued and increasing stress. Alcoholism and other addictions often develop as a result of overuse of alcohol or drugs to try to relieve stress. Eating disorders, such as anorexia, are sometimes caused by stress and are often made worse by stress. If stress is allowed to continue, then one's mental health is put at risk. Stress has a great influence on the health and well-being of our bodies, our feelings, and our minds. So, reduce stress: stop the world and rest for a while.

A. **Decide if the following statements are TRUE or FALSE : (4pts)**

- 1- Feeling anxious and panic attacks are good examples of emotional stress. ()
- 2- There are no effects of stress on well-being of our bodies. ()

B. **Answer the following questions: (8pts)**

-What does "Stress" mean? (2pts)

.....
How does stress affect us physically? (3pts)

.....b.....

3-Mention two examples of mental illnesses? (3pts)

a..... b.....

C-Complete the sentences with words or phrases from the text: (4points)

1-A very well-known expression in English is.....

2-Stress can affect our stomach by:..... b.....

3-In the end the writer encourages people to.....

D. What do the underlined pronouns in the text refer to : (4pts)

1-“ they” (line13):

2- “that” (line 2) :

Part Two : Vocabulary (25pts)

A. Complete the sentences with words from the box: (5pts)

creative citizens disappointed mistakes hub

1-There are many spelling.....in this essay.

2-Hanan was deeply.....at not being chosen for the team.

3-They have come up with some..... ways to make money.

4-The capital city is a.....for road and rail travel to the rest of the country.

5-A government's first duty is to protect its.....

B. Choose words from the box and match them with their meanings: (5pts)

genuine participate impatient persevere confident

1-.....not wanting to wait 2-.....take part in

3-.....real 4-.....sure

5-.....don't give up

C. Complete the sentences with the suitable phrasal verbs from the box: (4pts)

carry on catch up work out hand on

1-They couldn'tall the answers to the crossword puzzle.

2-We are sorry for the interruption. Please

3-The meeting will give them a chance to talk and.....with all their news.

4-I decided not tothese documents.....to the police.

D. Complete the sentences using words in the box with (co- mis): (4pts)

behaves heard use founders

1-These men are.....of the university.

2-She always gets in trouble when she.....at school.

3- Young people sometimes..... new technologies.

4-You.....me. I said I was feeling anxious, not angry.

E. Circle the correct answer: (7pts)

-There are lots of good paintings.....at the museum this week. (on duty/ on show)

-Ahmad didn't do it..... It was an accident. (on purpose/ on time)

-Studying for the exams is his..... (high priority/ unintended meaning)

-The boysto be arguing, but I can't hear very clearly. (believe/ seem)

-often gets better results than everyone working alone to solve a problem. (cooperation/copilot)

-Most of usmanage our time effectively. (slow down/ fail to)

-While he was away, we kept.....touch by email. (in / on)

Part Three : Language (25pts)

Section A :

Question Number One:

Complete the following sentences with the correct tense of the verb in brackets.(5pts)

- 1- I.....this book about Politics for 3 hours. I am still in page 30. (read)
- 2- Omar thinks this car is cool. He of buying another one. (think)
- 3- I..... to Paris last month. Before that, I never..... outside Palestine.(go\be)
- 4- The child is very angry. Hesomething to eat now. (want)

Question Number Two:

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets: to + infinitive or – ing form (6 pts)

- 1-I will always rememberthe president. (meet)
- 2-I insist on.....everyone's letter. (read)
- 3-Would you likedinner with us on Friday? (have)
- 4-Stop me and let me finish writing my letter. (interrupt)
- 5-My teacher advised meaware of my mistakes. (be)
- 6-Most young people hate early when they're tired. (get up)

Question Number Three

A) Rewrite the following sentences using reduced relative clauses. (2 pts)

- 1- The students who has studied at our school come from all over the world.
.....
- 2- The road which was constructed between the two cities is very narrow.
.....

(B) Circle the correct answer (2pts)

- 1-Some(**freezing/ frozen**) food nowadays is almost as good as fresh food.
- 2-She is a very (**cared/ caring**) person who always thinks of other people.

Section B :

Answer only two questions from this section

اجب عن سؤالين فقط من هذا القسم

Question Number One: (5 pts)

Choose the most suitable answer.

1. I'm not sure yet, but Icatch the 9.30 train. (will / will probably)
2. It's dark because the sunyet. (hadn't risen / hasn't risen)
3. Who knows? This journeyas much as you think. (may not cost / won't cost)
4. The PresidentJordan next week to attend an important meeting. (is going to visit / is visiting)
5. If she leaves university, she as a teacher. (is going to work/is working)

Question Number Two: (5 pts)

Correct the mistakes (there is only one mistake in each sentence). (5points)

- I am sorry, he isn't here. He has lunch with some customers.
- Ahmad has got the highest mark, so he is seeming very happy.
- Those bags look heavy. I am going to carry them for you if you like.
- Ali usually drives to his work, but today he walks.....
- Which class are you liking best?.....

Question Number Three: (5 pts)

-Rewrite the sentences using the words between brackets:

The bell rang. Everyone stopped working and left the building. (as soon as)

The computer suddenly went off. I was in the middle of writing my final report. (while)

Choose one of the following topics:

A: You are going to study **Agriculture** when you get to university. Write a personal statement using good opening and closing. Make use of the following points:

Paragraph one: Why are you applying? Reasons for choosing the course/ interests / ambitions

Paragraph two : Your experience/ subjects related to the course and activities .

Paragraph three: Why are you suitable? Evidence / skills (academic and non-academic)

B: Your name is **Jihad Ahmad** , and you are 18 years old .You want to apply for a foundation course in **Computer Science**.

Write **an application form** (about 100 words) including the following ideas:

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1- Your name / Age / The title of the course | 3- your experiences in this field |
| 2- your reasons for choosing the course | 4- your future aims |

Good Luck

Section One: Reading Comprehension (40 Marks)

Passage One: (20 Marks)

A- Complete the diagram

First Definition: Events that are unexpectedly happen at the same time for no clear reason.	Second Definition: Finding an expected connection between seemingly random things or people.
Example: Running into a person you know, from home, even though neither of you know that the other was going there.	Example: Talking to a complete stranger and finding that you have the same birthday.

B- 1-People's lives are more connected than they used to be.

2-Because it is less exciting\because people prefer a more exciting explanation.

3- a- the mathematical way(birthday paradox) b- there are so many events in people's lives.

C- 1-F 2-T 3-T

D- 1. there: another country.

2. **it:**scientific explanation

3. **the more:** people that you have had any kind of connection with during your life.

4.**50%:**The percentage of chance of two of people sharing a birthday when there are 23 in a room.

E. you will definitely come across coincidences.

Passage Two: (20 Marks)

A- 1- True 2-False

B- 1-“ it means pressure or tension,it refers to a feeling of panic that makes a person want to stop whatever they are doing.”

2- -By causing stomachache b- affect the heart\respiratory system

3-depression b-alcoholism or other addiction \eating disorders

C- 1- "Stop the world ,I want to get off"

2- a-by causing stomachache b-problems digesting food.

3-reduce stress :stop the world and rest for a while.

D- 1-feeling of panic or stress 2-people suffering from stress

Section Two: Vocabulary (25 Marks)

A-

1. mistakes
2. disappointed
3. creative
4. hub
5. citizens

B- 1. Impatient 2. participate 3. Genuine 4. confident 5. persevere

C- 1. Work out 2. Carry on 3. Catch up 4. Hand on

D- 1. Co-founders 2. misbehaves 3. misuse 4. misheard

E- 1. On show 2. On purpose 3. High priority 4. seem 5. Cooperation

6-fail to 7-in

Section Three: Language (25 Marks)

Section A: (15 Marks)

A- Q1: 1. Have been reading 2. Is thinking 3. Went\had been 4. wants

Q2: 1. Meeting 2-reading 3-to have 4-interrupting me 5- to be 6- getting up.

Q3: 1.the students studying at our school come from all over the world.

2. The road constructed between the two cities is very narrow.

B- 1. Frozen 2- caring

Section B: (10 Marks)

Q1: 1. Will probably 2. Hasn't risen 3- may not cost 4-is visiting 5-is going to work.

Q2: A: 1. He is having lunch. 2. Seems 3-I will 4-is walking 5-do you like .

Q3: . As soon as the bell rang, everyone stopped working and left the building

2. The computer suddenly went off while I was in the middle of writing my final report.

Section Four: Writing (10 Marks)

Teachers' Evaluation

N.B. Please accept any suitable answers.

Good Luck

2019 – 2020